

Status of the Yakima Basin Integrated Plan

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- Yakima Basin Overview and Challenges
- Yakima BasinIntegrated Plan
- Current Status and Next Steps







Yakima Basin: Overview



- 4 million acres
- Largest agriculturalproducing region in Northwest
 - \$1.8 billion Ag; \$2.3 billion food processing industry
 - Apples, wine grapes, hops, hay
- Second only to Snake River in supporting salmon and steelhead runs
- Water is Over Allocated
- Diverse outdoor recreation
 - Pack and saddle, hiking, dirt biking, camping, fishing, hunting, snowmobiling



Yakima Basin Water Management & WORKING LANDS



- 5 reservoirs with 1 million acre-feet of capacity (average annual runoff 3.3 million acre-feet)
- Snowpack is the "sixth reservoir"
- Irrigation deliveries:1.7 million acre-feet
- Water is Over Allocated













- Surface water is over- appropriated
- Droughts in 1992-1994, 2001 and 2005
- Proratable irrigation districts reduced to as little as 37% of allotments
- Snowpack declining (12-71% runoff)
- Groundwater availability limits urban development









- Historic salmon and steelhead run
 - 800,000 fish
- Average run size last 10-15 years
 - 15,000-20,000 fish
- Native coho, sockeye and summer Chinook extirpated
 - Coho reestablished, sockeye being reestablished
- Spring and fall Chinook
 - Seriously reduced
- Steelhead and bull trout
 - ESA Threatened species







An Emerging Solution



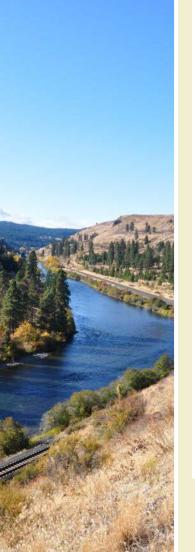
Yakima Basin Integrated Plan Goals:

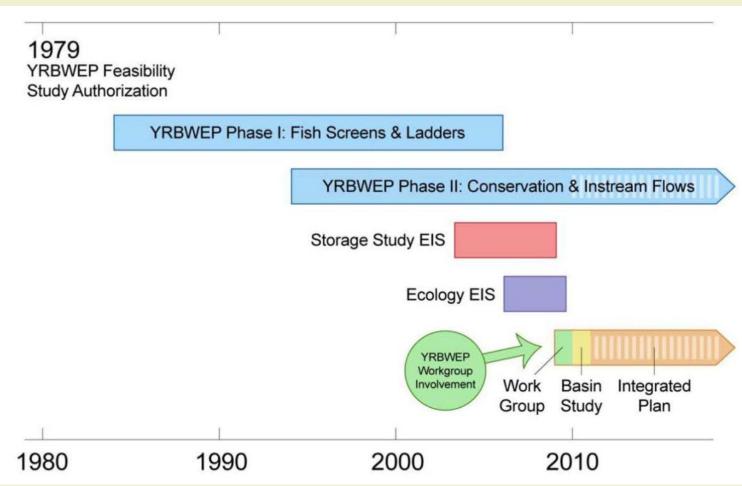
- Restore and enhance ecological function and provide fish passage
- 2. Improve water supply during drought years (70% proratable supply)
- 3. Provide for efficient and adaptable water supply management
- 4. Contribute to sustainable economy and environment



Integrated Plan Grew from Yakima River Basin Water Enhancement Project



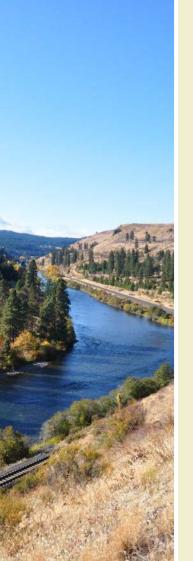








YBIP Work Group Members



Federal Agencies

Bureau of Reclamation
National Marine Fisheries Service
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
U.S. Forest Service

Yakama Nation

Yakama Nation Natural Resources Yakima/Klickitat Fisheries Project

Washington State Agencies

Department of Ecology
Department of Agriculture
Department of Fish and Wildlife

Local Governments

Benton County Kittitas County Yakima County City of Yakima

Irrigated Agriculture

Kennewick Irrigation District
Kittitas Reclamation District
Roza Irrigation District
Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District
Yakima-Tieton Irrigation District

Other Stakeholders

American Rivers

Yakima Basin Fish & Wildlife
Recovery Board

Yakima Basin Storage Alliance





Yakima Basin Integrated Plan



Seven Elements:

- 1. Reservoir Fish Passage
- 2. Structural and Operational Changes
- 3. Surface water storage
- 4. Groundwater storage
- 5. Water Conservation
- 6. Water Marketing
- 7. Habitat Enhancement and Protection

Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement





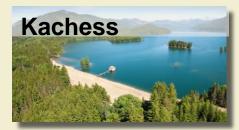
Reservoir Fish Passage



- Access to high quality habitat
- Increase anadromous species abundance
- Reintroduction of sockeye
- Genetic interchange for bull trout

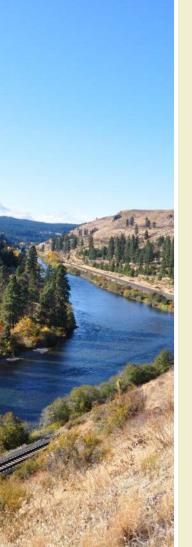








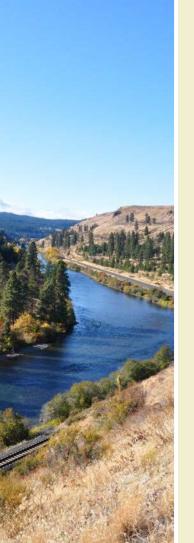






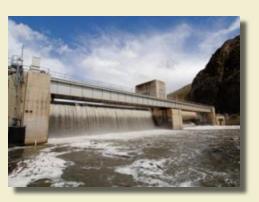
Structural and Operational Changes





- Keechelus-to-Kachess tunnel or pipeline
- Kittitas Reclamation District canal modifications and new pump station
- Reduce power diversions at Roza and Chandler Dams
- Wapatox Canal improvements
- Raise Cle Elum Lake by 3 feet







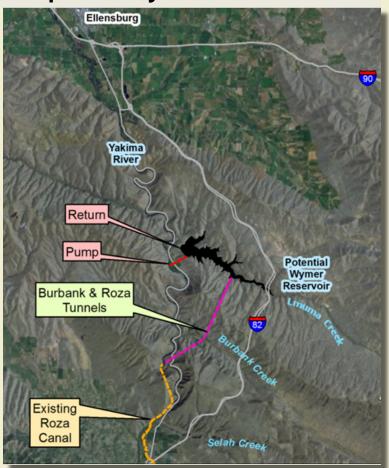


Surface Water Storage



- Wymer Dam and Pump Station
 - New off-channel reservoir, 163,000 acre-feet
- Lake Kachess Inactive Storage
 - Existing Reservoir: Access
 200,000 acre-feet from inactive
 storage pool in dry years
- Bumping Lake Enlargement
 - Replace existing dam to add 165,000 acre-feet

Proposed Wymer Reservoir

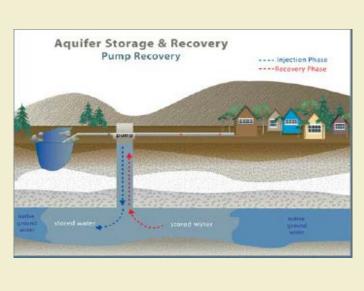


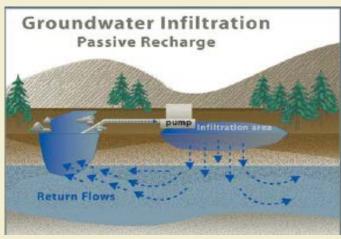


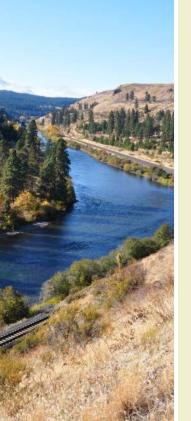


Groundwater Storage

Use surface water during periods of high runoff.
Recharge aquifers for later withdrawal.











Water Conservation



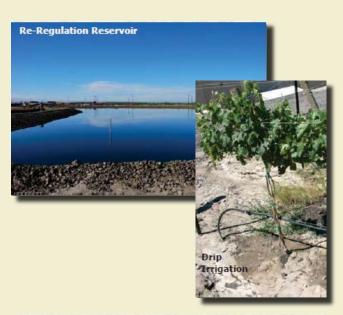
Agricultural Conservation (Up to 170,000 acre-feet)

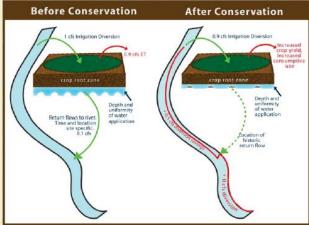
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- Lining/piping canals and laterals
- Re-regulation reservoirs
- Irrigation efficiency: reduce seepage, evaporation and spills

Municipal and Domestic Conservation Program

- Promote efficient landscape irrigation practices
- Expand education/incentives to encourage voluntary efficiency
- Establish best practice standards









Water Marketing



- Build on existing water market programs
- Take steps to reduce barriers

Longer-term effort

- Focus on water transfers between districts
- Allow fallowing within district, leases to outside district
- Requires substantial changes to existing laws/policies

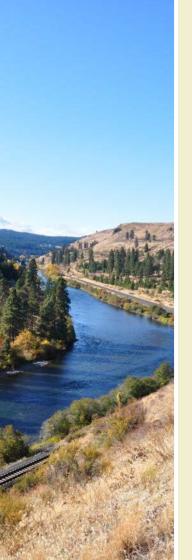






Habitat/Watershed Protection and Enhancement





Headwaters land acquisitions

- 50,000 acres in Teanaway Basin
- 15,000 acres in Yakima Canyon
- 10,000 acres at Little Naches headwaters

Protective designations on public lands and waters (Congressional Action)

- 140,000 acres National Recreation Area
- 21,000 acres Wilderness
- 200 miles Wild and Scenic River designation

Principles

- Watershed, recreation, economic values
- Compliments other elements
- Maintain working lands
- Willing sellers
- Long-term funding

Mainstem floodplain and tributaries fish habitat enhancement program



Before



After



Habitat Restoration









Recreation

Back Country Horsemen of Washington Kittitas County Parks & Recreation District 1

Washington Trails Association

Conservation

American Rivers
Conservation Northwest
Forterra
Kittitas Conservation Trust
Mountains to Sound Greenway
National Wildlife Federation
Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation
The Nature Conservancy
The Wilderness Society
Trout Unlimited
Trust for Public Land

Washington Environmental Council

Yakima Greenway Foundation

Local Communities

City of Cle Elum
City of Ellensburg
City of Yakima
City of Mabton
City of Moxee
City of Moxee
City of Roslyn
City of Union Gap
City of Wapato
City of Yakima
City of Zillah
Town of Granger
Town of Harrah

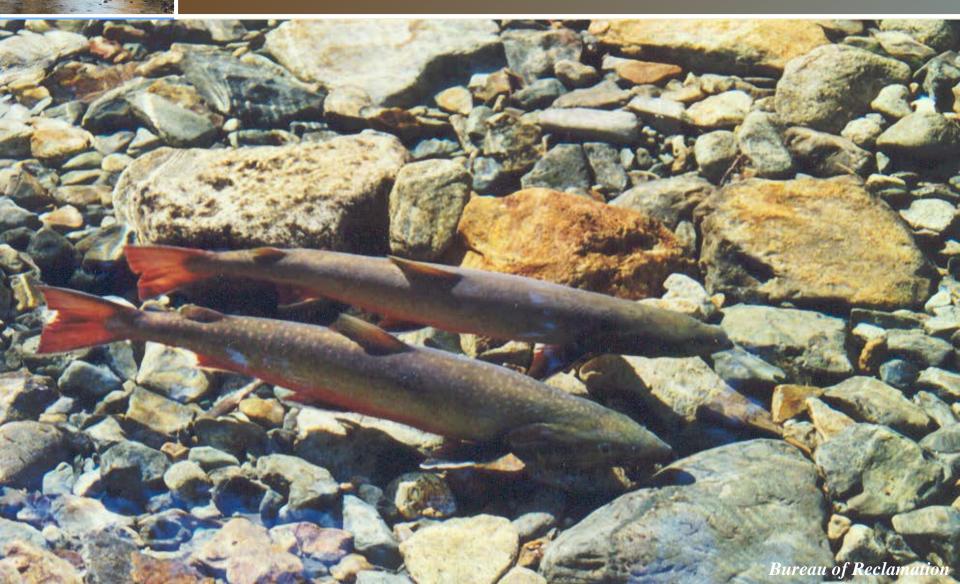
Businesses

Central Washington Homebuilders Association
Kittitas County Chamber of Commerce
Plum Creek Timber Company
Vision Cle Elum
Yakima Chamber of Commerce
Yakima County Development Agency





What's at Stake: Fish Population Subject & WORKING LANDS





What's at Stake: Future of Agriculture

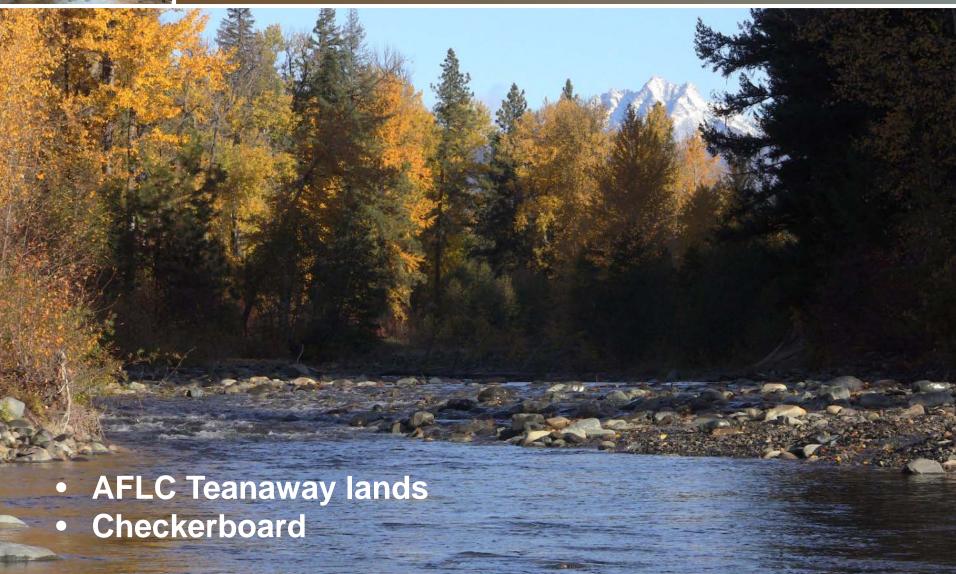








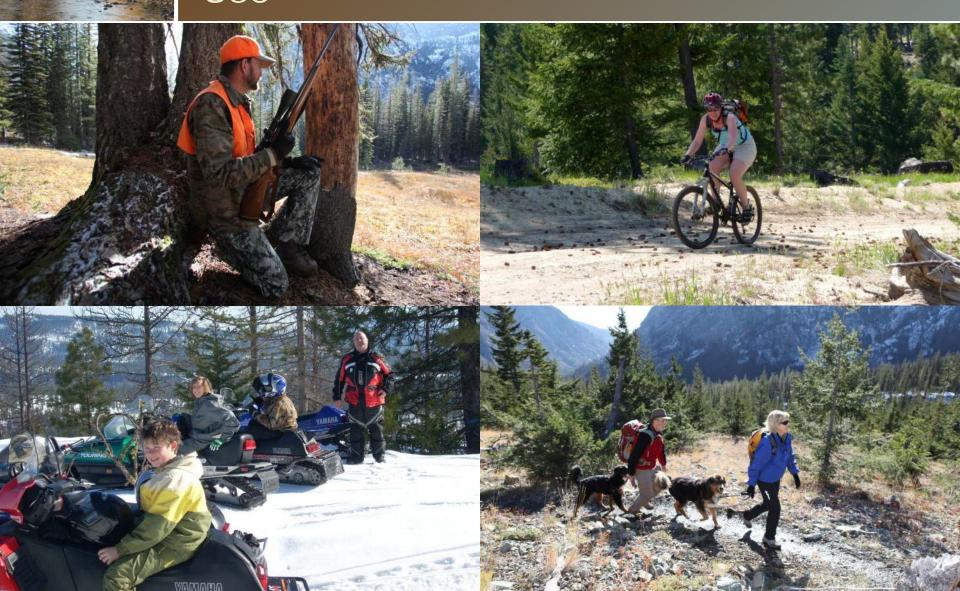
What's at Stake: Future Access





What's at Stake: Sustainable Use





Next Steps: Work in FY13

- On-going in-basin outreach
- Lands designation package
- Federal agency support group
- State legislation/capital budget request
- Federal funding
- Early Actions





Next Steps: State Legislation



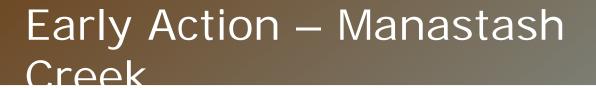
- Policy Bill Governor's Request
 - HB 1414; SB 5367
- Capital Budget
 - \$22.55 million: Water Storage and Water Supply Infrastructure Improvements
 - \$12.45 million: Fish Passage and Habitat Restoration
 - \$10.5 million: Watershed Lands Acquisition

Total request: \$45 million

- Senate Budget: \$132 million
- House Budget: \$45 million

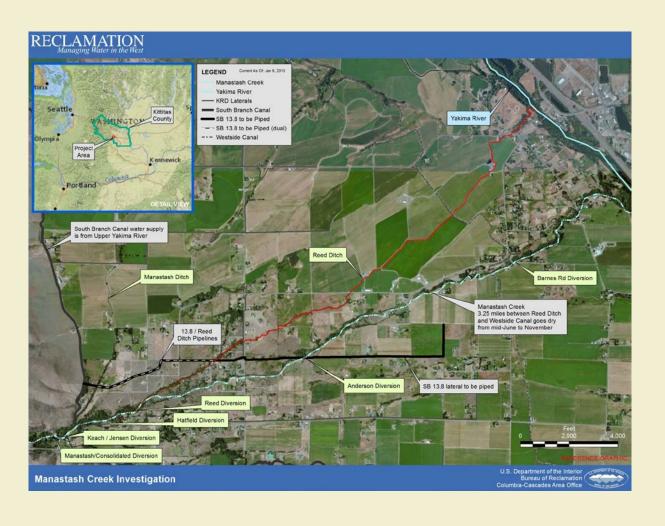


















Discussion

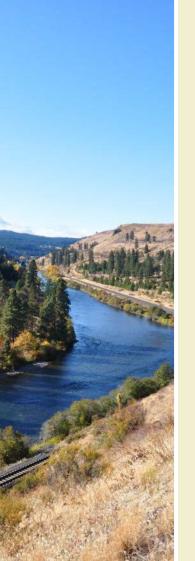






More Information

- Ecology's Website
 www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wr/cwp/cr_yak_storage.html
- Reclamation's Website
 www.usbr.gov/pn/programs/yrbwep/2011integratedplan/index.html
- Yakima Basin Conservation Campaign <u>www.yakimaforever.org</u>





Bumping Lake Enlargement

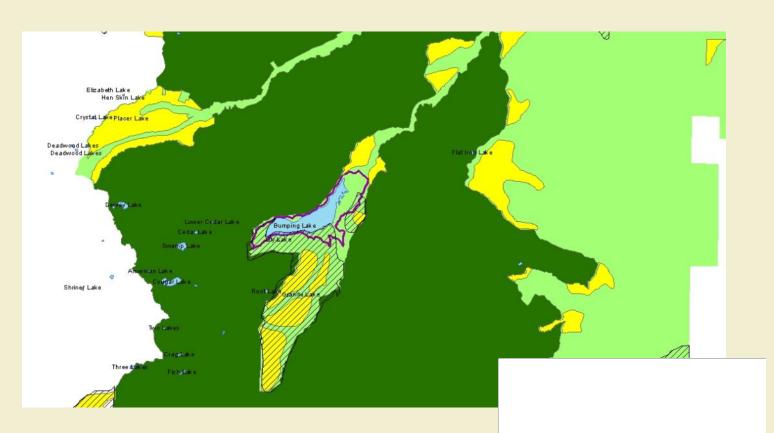






Bumping Lake Expansion









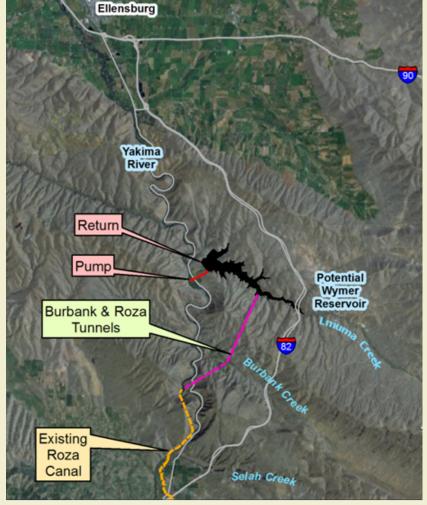


Proposed Wymer Reservoir

Before



After









Kachess Inactive Storage

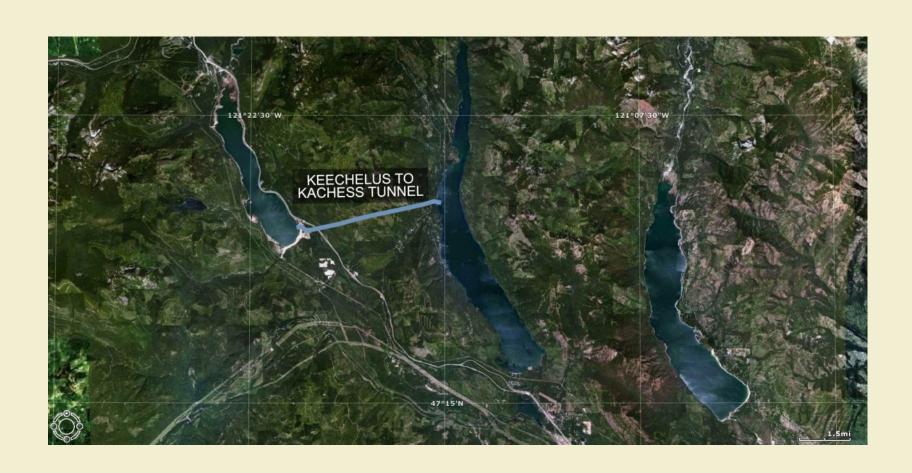








K to K Conveyance Project





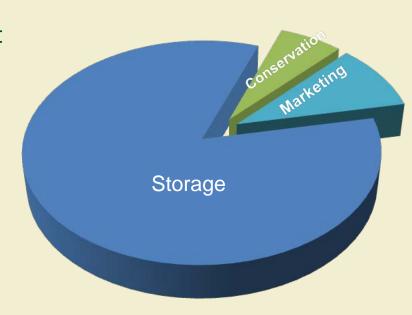


Why Isn't Water Conservation Enough?

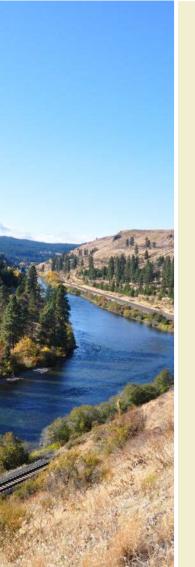
Water conservation produces only 10,000-50,000 acre-feet of drought year water

Lease market unreliable – only 30,000 acre-feet was transferred in the 2005 drought

New storage is the only way to meet irrigation, municipal, and fish needs in drought – 400,000+ acre-feet



Storage is required to meet drought-year needs

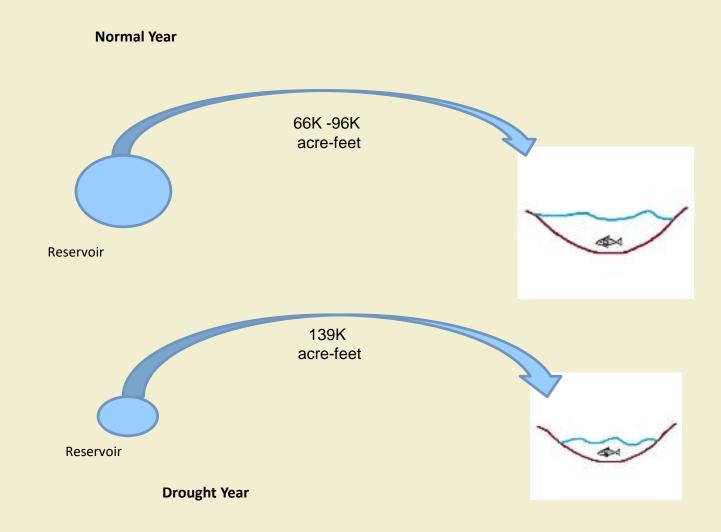






Water Conservation

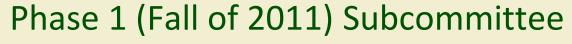








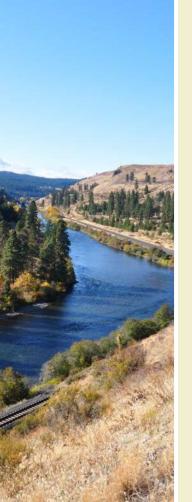
Watershed Lands Package



- Framework (4 components)
- Principles
- Starting Point

2012 - Outreach and Refinement

- Yakima Basin Conservation Campaign
- Kittitas County



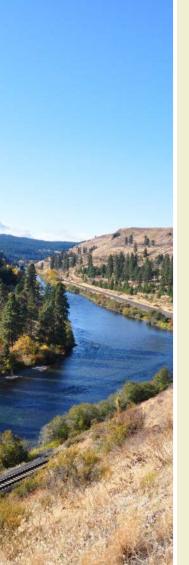




Lands Protections - Principles



- Enhances watershed and fish habitat protection and preserves or improves recreational opportunities;
- Minimizes negative effects on existing or reasonably foreseeable economic uses;
- Directly complements other actions in the Integrated Plan;
- Purchases private lands only from willing sellers at fair market value;
- Maintains economic uses where lands have historically been used as working lands; and
- Includes long-term funding for restoration and management activities.





Lands Protections — Starting Point life & WORKING LANDS

