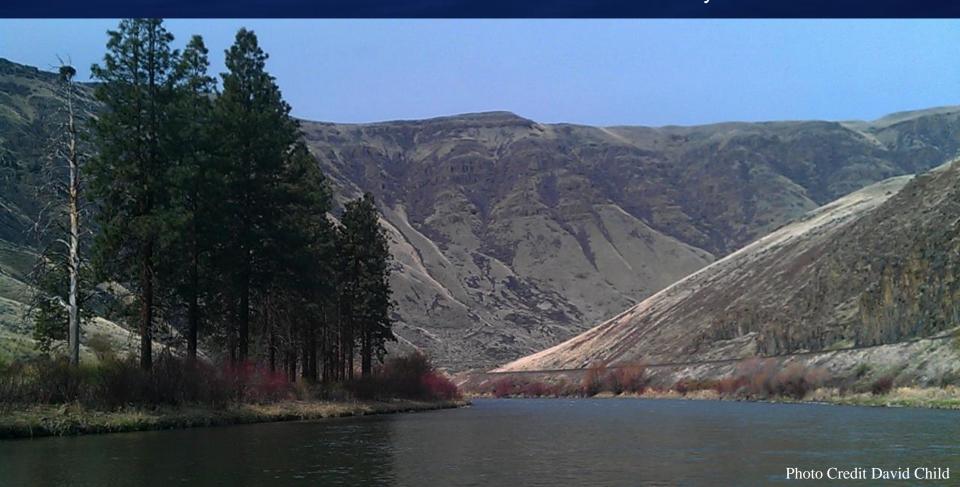
Roza Reach Smolt Survival Study 2012-2014

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Competing Hypotheses

1. Low flows are causing abnormally high mortality between Roza Dam and the Naches-Yakima River confluence ("Roza Reach").

2. Low mortality in the Roza Reach due to short residence time of emigrating smolts.

Study Objectives

1. Quantify flow effects on smolt survival in the Roza Reach.

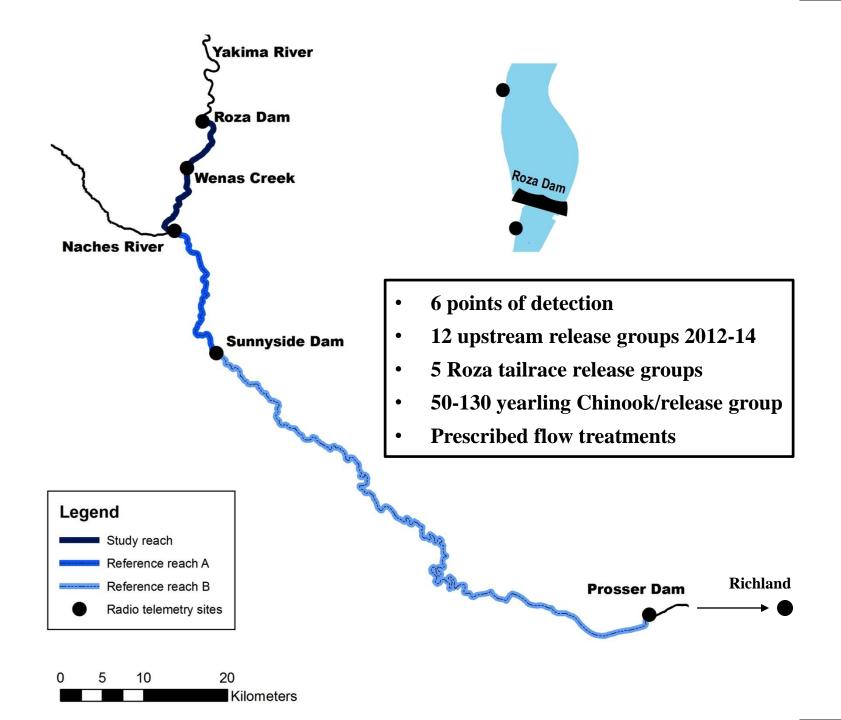
2. Partition effects of Roza Dam passage mortality from migration survival estimates.



Progress Since 2014 Science Conf.

1. Comprehensive analysis of flowsurvival for the entire length of the Yakima River.

2. Detailed evaluation of passage survival conditions at Roza Dam.



Treatment Groups



Travel Time

	Days From Release (Median)	
Roza Dam Tailrace	0.3	(0.1–1.7)
Wenas Creek	0.7	(0.1–2.7)
Naches River	1.0	(0.2–4.9)
Sunnyside	1.3	(0.6–6.1)
Prosser	8.8	(2.7–16.9)
Richland	9.9	(3.8–25.0)

