The All-H-Analyzer Model:

Overview and Applications in Anadromous Fisheries Management

Presented by Chris Frederiksen Yakama Nation Fisheries - YKFP



Presentation Outline

- 2. Model Synopsis
 - A. Basic background information
- 3. Model Components and Data Requirements
 - A. 4 H's
- 4. Agency Use and Relative Applications
 - A. Hatchery Scientific Review Group (HSRG)
 - B. Columbia Basin Fish & Wildlife Authority (CBFWA)
 - C. NOAA Fisheries
 - D. Yakima Bureau of Reclamation (BOR)
 - E. Co-managers (YN, Klickitat spring chinook)

Model Synopsis: 4-H's

Habitat







<u>Harvest</u>



Anadromous Life-cycle

<u>Hatcheries</u>



<u>Hydro (out of basin *S*)</u>



Model Synopsis

- Developed by WA State Fishery Comanagers and HSRG
 - A. Hypothesis/understanding of integration between four "H" components
- 2. Platform For Other Models
 - A. Habitat productivity
 - B. Out of basin survival
- 3. Model considered a work in progress

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<u>Harvest</u>



Geographic Areas

- Ocean Fisheries
 - A. Alaska, Canada, U.S.
- 2. Lower Columbia Fisheries
 - A. Zones 1-5 sport, commercial
- 3. Mid Columbia R. Fisheries
 - A. Zone 6 Tribal C&S, commercial
- 4. Terminal Fisheries
 - A. Tribal & Sport
- Differential rates
 - ➤ Total exploitation rate

Out of Basin Survival (Hydro)



Model Inputs

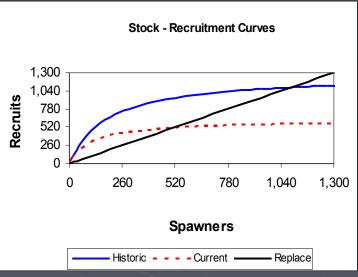
- Juvenile outmigrant srv.
- Ocean srv.
- Adult migrant srv.

2. <u>Data Sources</u>

- A. Data
- B. Modeled survival
- FCRPS BiOp

Freshwater Habitat





Model Inputs

- A. Beverton-Holt Stock Recruitment function
 - 1. Capacity & Intrinsic Productivity
 - 2. Population/Subbasin scale

2. Parameter Sources

- A. Empirical data
- B. Scientific based models
 - 1. EDT
 - 2. SHIRAZ

Hatcheries



1. <u>Model Inputs</u>

- 1. # broodstock
- 2. Proportion of hatchery and Wild
- 3. Demographics and Survival
 - Juvenile release number
- 4. Returning Hatchery adult destination (%)
 - L. Hatchery rack or natural spawning grounds

<u>Types of Hatchery Programs</u>

- Segregated Program
 - Isolate hatchery/wild populations
 - > HSRG: <5% pHOS





- Appropriate Conditions
 - > Harvest augmentation
 - Mitigation

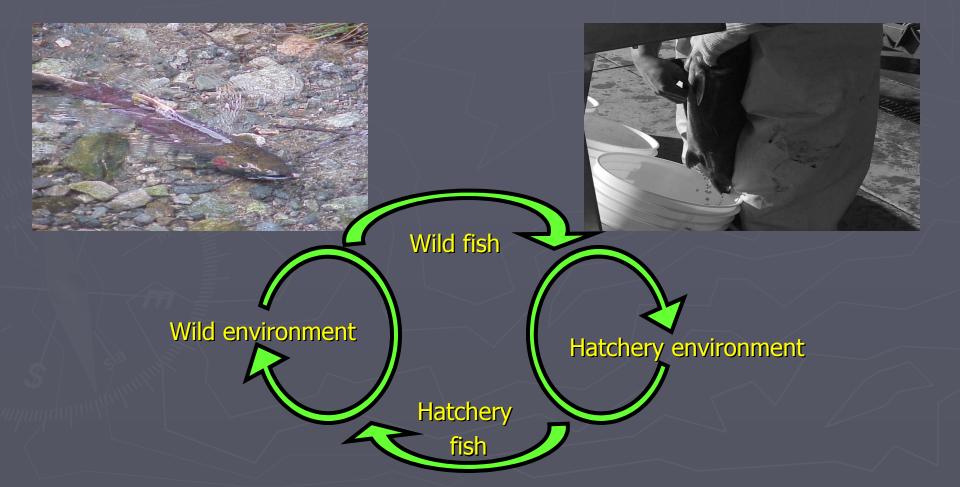




<u>Types of Hatchery Programs</u>

- Integrated Program
 - > Single population
 - "Integrate" adult reproduction

- Appropriate Conditions
 - Conservation goals
 - Suitable Habitat



Environmental Adaptation



Hatchery Optimum

Hatchery selective

forces

Natural selective

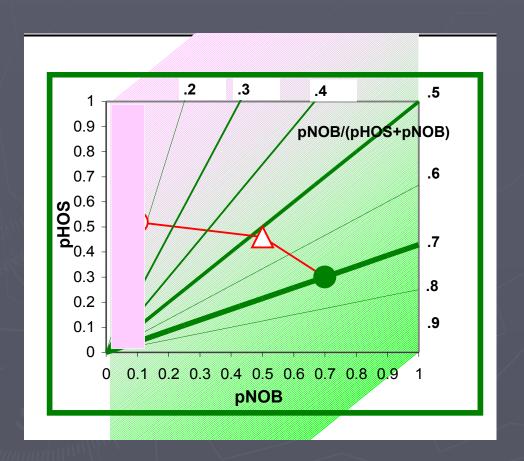
forces

Integrated population



Natural Optimum

The PNI Concept:



- PNI- Proportion of Natural Influence
- 3. Integrated programs:
 - 1. Minimum
 - > 0.5
 - 2. Biological Significance
 - 1. 0.67

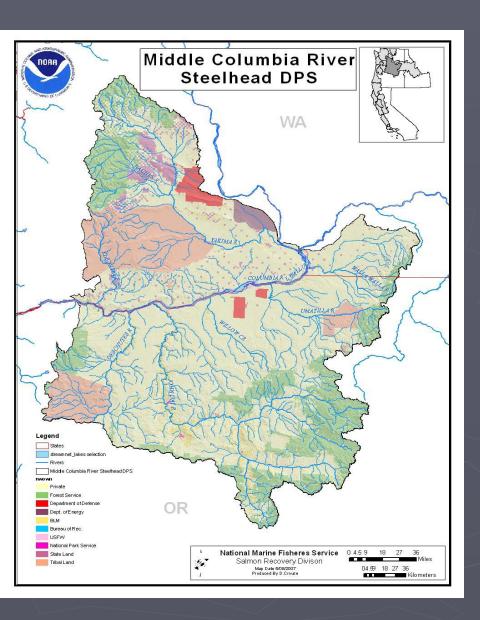
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- B. Evaluation of hatchery programs
 - 1. Effects on natural pops
- C. Instrumental tool
- E. Recommendations
 - 1. Type of program
 - Segregated
 - Integrated
 - 2. Size (juvenile release #)
 - 3. Hatchery broodstock
 - 4. Wild/hatchery interactions



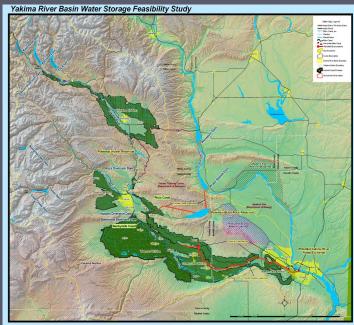
1) NOAA Fisheries

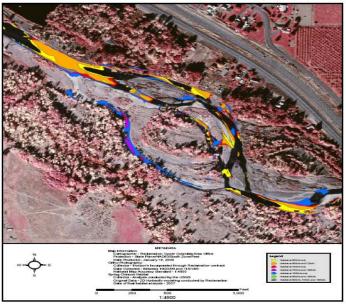
- B. Salmon Recovery Planning
 - 1. All H analysis- Mid C Sthd DPS
 - a. Population A/P
 - b. 4-H components
 - Freshwater habitat
 - Juvenile outmigrantSurvival
 - Predation
 - Estuarine habitat
 - Harvest
 - c. Cumulative benefits
 - Multiple actions
 - d. Future viability
 - Populations
 - > DPS



<u>Columbia Basin Fish &</u> <u>Wildlife Authority (CBFWA)</u>

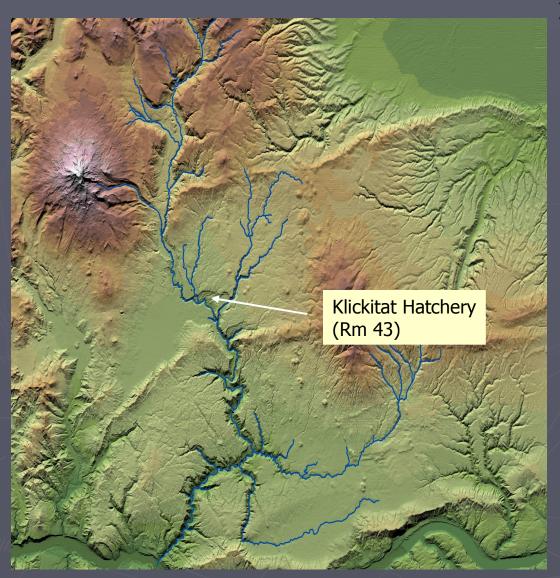
- B. Develop amendments to the NPPC fish and wildlife program
 - 1. Primary Objective
 - a. H components
 - Move pops toward biological goals
 - 2. Population specific measures
 - a. Existing plans
 - 3. Analysis provide basis
 - 1. Prioritizing Strategies
 - 2. Suites of actions





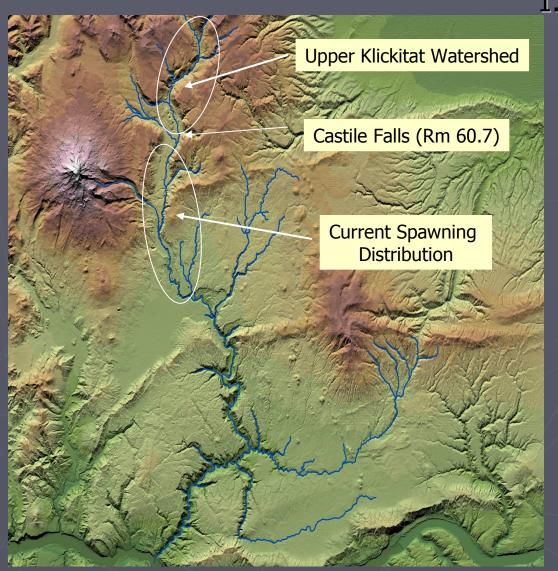
1) <u>Yakima Bureau of</u> <u>Reclamation (BOR)</u>

- B. Yakima Basin Storage Study
 - Feasibility of Storage Augmentation
 - > Fish
 - Irrigation
 - Future municipal water supply
 - 3. Effects on Habitat Potential
 - EDT Model
 - 5. AHA model- Final analysis
 - Natural production
 - Hatchery fish
 - Economic benefits
 - Harvest
 - 6. Additional habitat Restoration
 - Build upon flow augmentation
 - Continued use of EDT/AHA



1. Klickitat Spring Chinook

- B. Reform current hatchery program
 - 1. Conservation
 - 2. Harvest
- D. Current program
 - 1. Harvest augmentation
 - 2. Mitigation
 - 3. Poorly run Segregated or Integrated program
 - 4. ~550 adults
 - 5. ~600k on-station smolt release
 - 6. 95-100% hatchery broodstock
 - 7. PHOS~ 10-20%
 - > PNI= 0.25



- L. Klickitat Spring Chinook
 - Integrated program
 - A. Goals
 - 1. Harvest
 - Increase opportunity
 - 2. Conservation
 - PNI ~0.67
 - C. Program Strategies
 - 1. Increasing PNOB
 - Bolster natural production
 - Upper basin habitat
 - 4. Removal of surplus hatchery fish

Klickitat Spring Chinook: Initial Modeling Conclusions:

2. Model configuration: Integrated hatchery program

- A. EDT/AHA
 - ✓ Achieve management goals

4. Results

- A. Recolonization of habitat above Castile Falls
 - A. Support needs for natural production and hatchery broodstock (25%)
 - \star PNI = 0.67

5. Critical Uncertanties

- o Realized habitat potential of Upper Basin
- o Actual PHOS
- Mining rate of natural population

Questions?