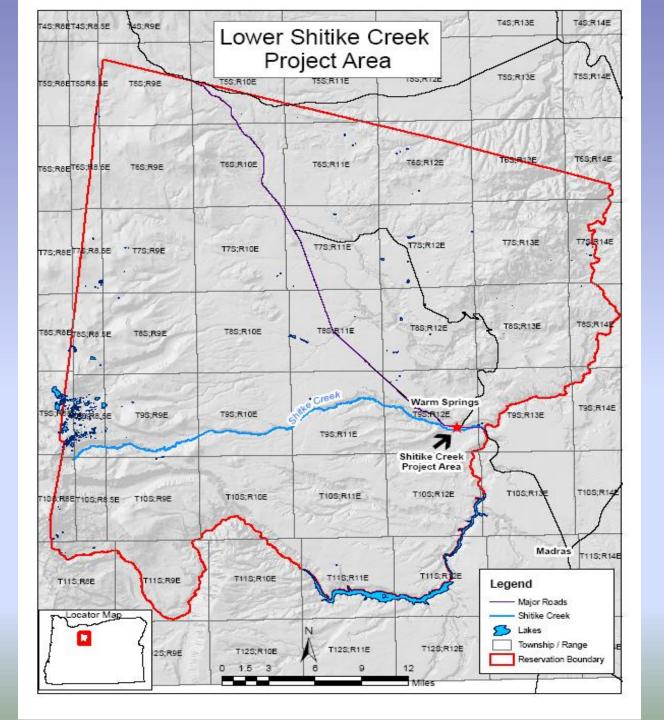
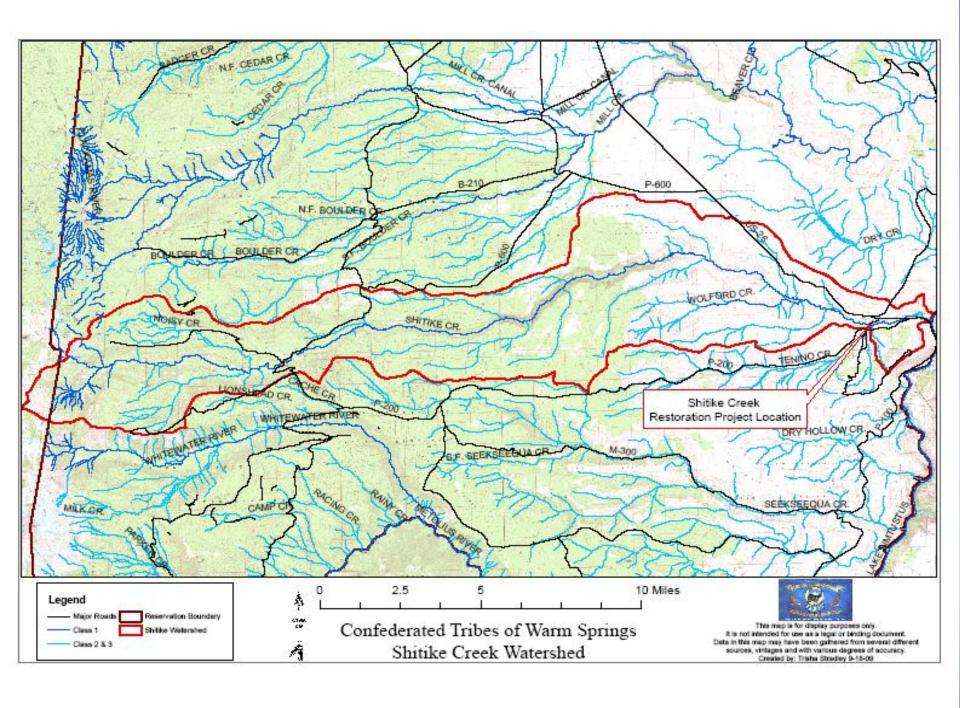


March 16th 2010















Project Objectives

1. Protect critical infrastructure.

- Reduce the potential of Shitike Creek breaching the berm and entering the retired wastewater ponds.
- Protect the wastewater ponds currently in use downstream.

2. Reduce risk of flooding.

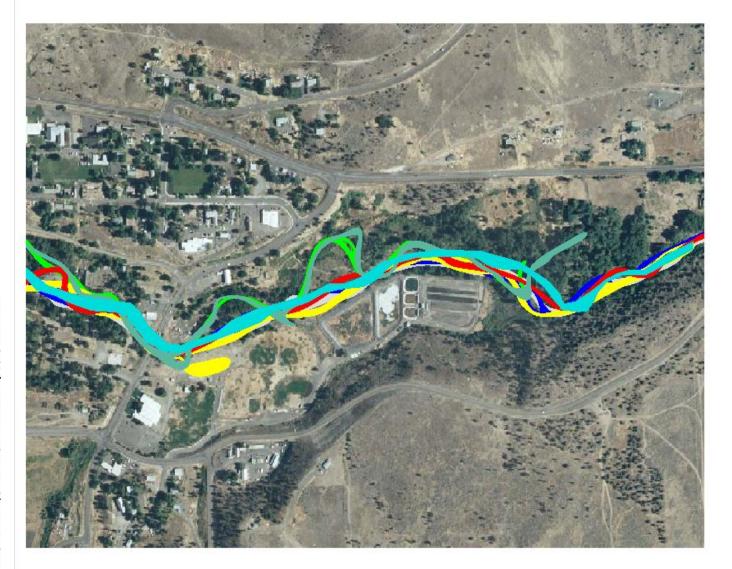
- Design a channel that allows Shitike Creek more access to the floodplain and reduces stream energy.
- Increase flood protection downstream of the project.

3. Enhance fish habitat.

 Incorporate appropriate fish habitat into the project for summer steelhead, pacific lamprey, bull trout, spring and fall Chinook, redband trout, and other native fish species.

Strategy to Achieve Project Objectives

- To achieve these goals the Fish Habitat Program worked with the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) to design and implement a project that moved Shitike Creek from the Community Center Bridge downstream to the wastewater lagoons to a new alignment or path.
- This alignment is very similar to one which the Creek followed in 1938 through the 1950s.



June 1938

August 1951

August 1972

June 1979

June 1993

1994

2005

Base image 2005



SHITIKE

CREEK STREAMBANK RESTORATION WARM SPRINGS INDIAN RESERVATION JEFFERSON COUNTY, OREGON

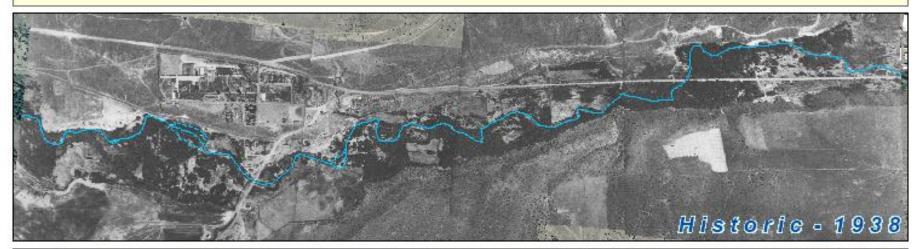
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PLAN VIEW





Shitike Creek Stream Channel Historic-1938 and Current-2007

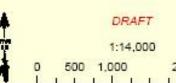


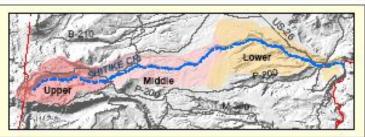






Printing Date: February 20, 2008 CTWS GIS Center-MS The Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs Branch of Natural Resources







Depth on the floodplain (ft)

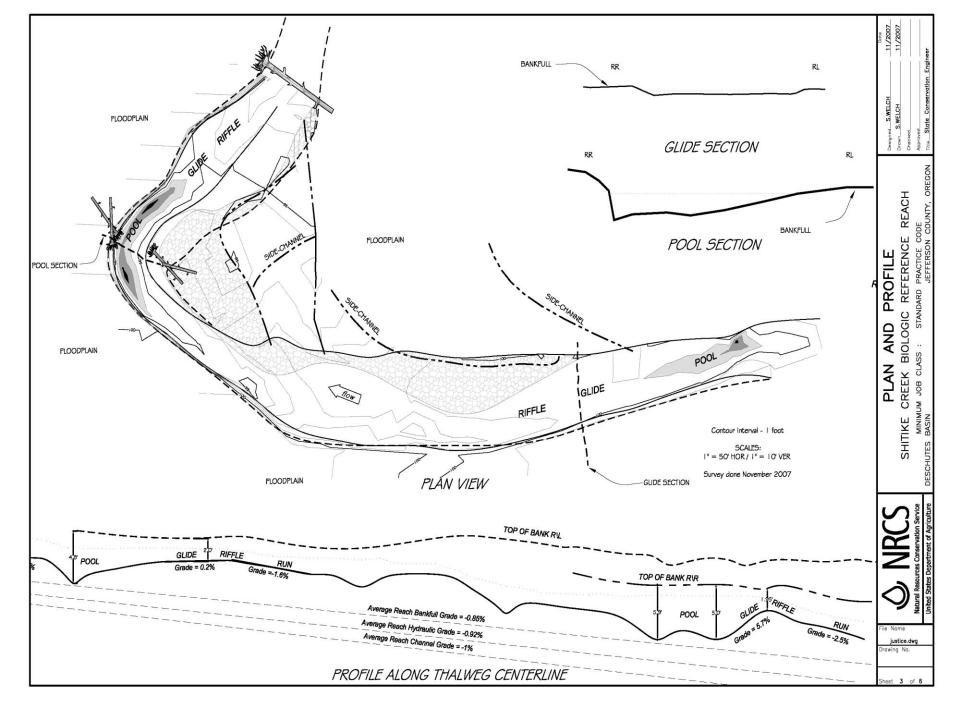
2 year event



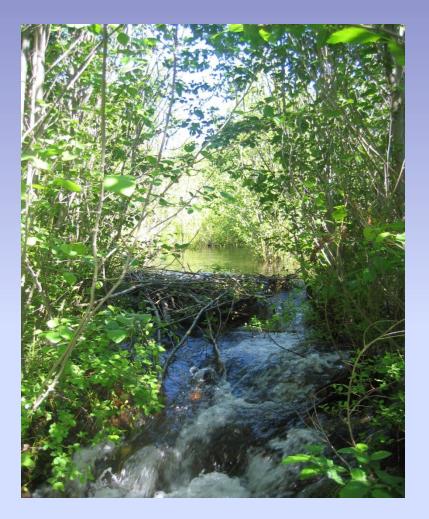
Velocity (ft) 2 year event









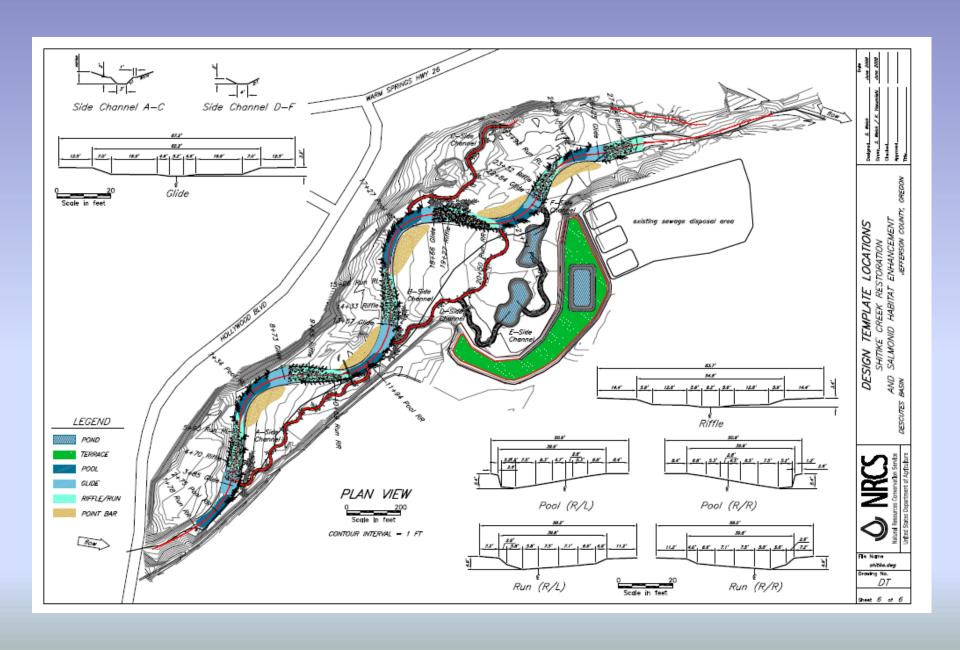




Biological reference reach side channel





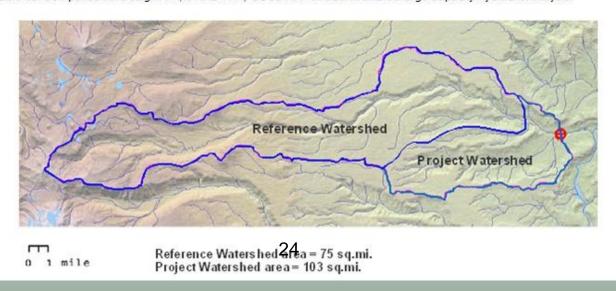


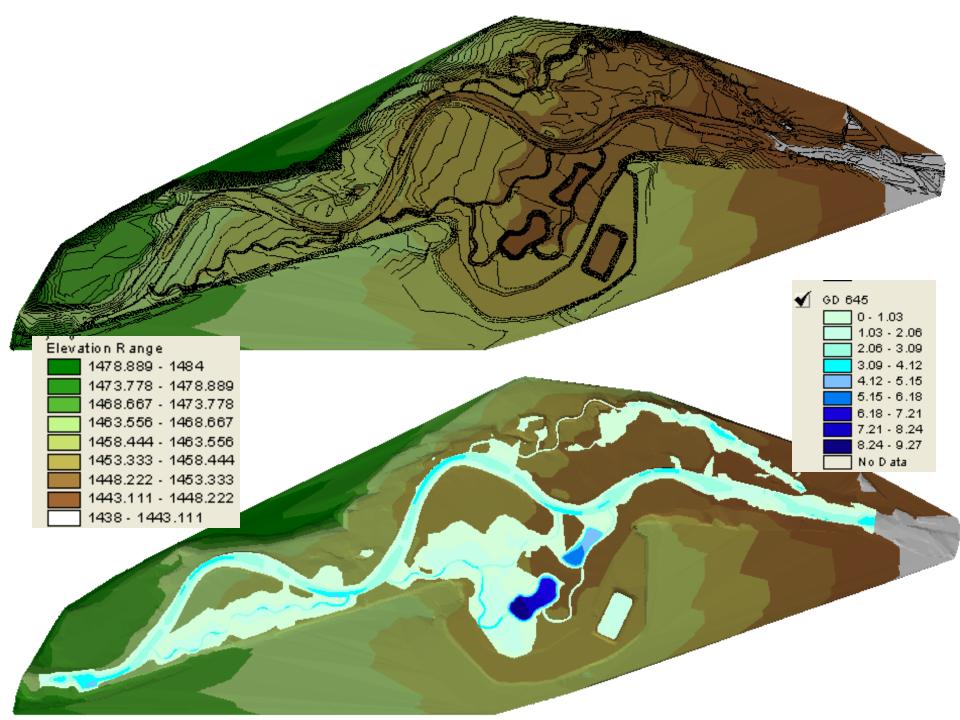
| OWRD FFA | | OWRD PRED EQ | | | | | | USGS | USGS NFF | |
|----------|------|--------------|-------|-----------|------|-------|-------|-----------|----------|--|
| RI | Q | lower | upper | <u>RI</u> | Q | lower | upper | <u>RI</u> | Q | |
| 2 | 677 | 494 | 880 | 2 | 1150 | 455 | 2920 | 2 | 524 | |
| 5 | 1310 | 966 | 1910 | 5 | 1890 | 858 | 4170 | 5 | 934 | |
| 10 | 1850 | 1350 | 3020 | 10 | 2460 | 1130 | 5320 | 10 | 1280 | |
| 25 | 2660 | 1910 | 5090 | 25 | 3240 | 1460 | 7190 | 25 | 1830 | |
| 50 | 3350 | 2400 | 7240 | 50 | 3860 | 1670 | 8920 | 50 | 2310 | |
| 100 | 4150 | 2950 | 10000 | 100 | 4530 | 1870 | 11000 | 100 | 2860 | |

Table 3: Comparison of OWRD methods and USGS NFF. OWRD results are bounded by the 95% confidence intervals.

| Method | 2-Year Discharge | |
|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Design FFA | 594 cfs | |
| USGS NFF | 677 cfs | |
| OWRD FFA | 524 cfs | |
| Bankfull Ratio | 655 cfs | |
| Average of methods | 615 cfs | |

Table 43: Comparison of Design FFA, OWRD FFA, USGS NFF and Bankfull Discharge Capacity Hydraulic Analysis.





ENHANCEMENT JETTERSON COUNT

SALMONID

Channel Dimensions

Lower Shitike Creek

Bankfull Q: 640 cfs

Drainage area ~104 sq miles

| | Existing Condition | Proposed Design |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Stream Type | B4c | C4 |
| Channel Slope | 0.01 ft/ft | .0075 ft/ft |
| Stream Length | 2500 ft | 3300 ft |
| Side Channel Length | 0 ft | 2800 ft |
| Sinuosity | 1.04 | 1.23 |
| Bankfull Width | 82 ft | 60 ft |
| Mean Depth | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Cross Sectional Area | 117 | 113 |
| Width/Depth Ratio | 58 | 30 |
| Radius of Curvature | 0 ft | 200 ft |
| Flood Prone Width | 130 ft | 320 ft |
| Entrenchment Ratio | ~1 | 5.8 |
| Meander Beltwidth | 90 ft | 348 ft |
| Meander Width Ratio | ~1 | 5.6 |
| Meander Length | 0 ft | 350 ft |
| No. of Pool Complexes | 0 | 6 |
| Riffle Bed Material D84 | 100 mm | 120 mm |
| Entrainable Particle Siz | re 180 mm | 100 mm |

Summary

- 3,300 feet of meander reconstruction along historic meandering channel corridor (optimizing use of old-age existing riparian vegetation)
- 2,800 feet of side channel construction (juvenile habitat, velocity refugia, additional habitat complexity)
- 6 new pool glide-riffle-run complexes (spawning habitat, summer pool habitat, and backwater habitats
- Connected flow-through wetland complex creating additional off-channel habitat

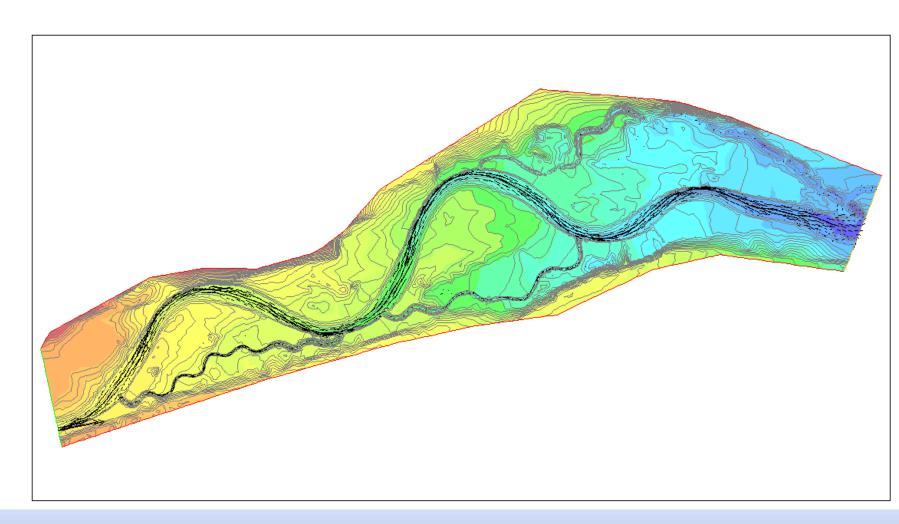
Funding \$545,000 project total \$382,529 construction

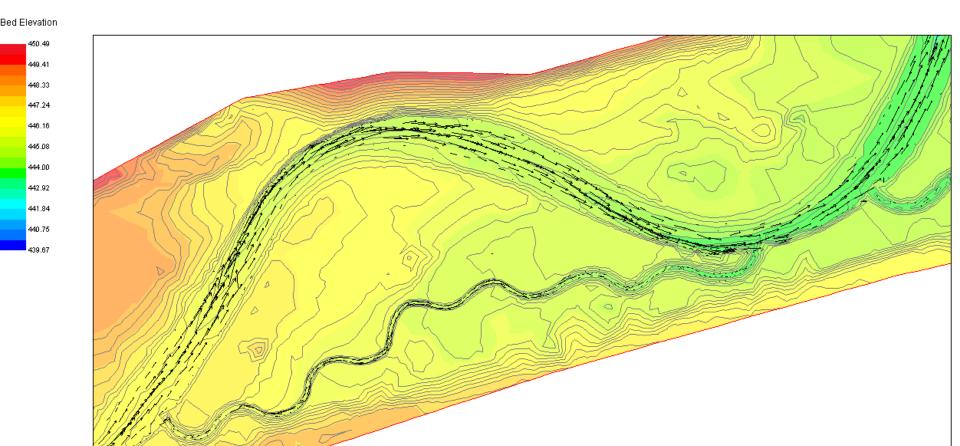
National Resources Conservation Service Pelton-Round Butte Fund Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board Environmental Protection Agency 319 Program

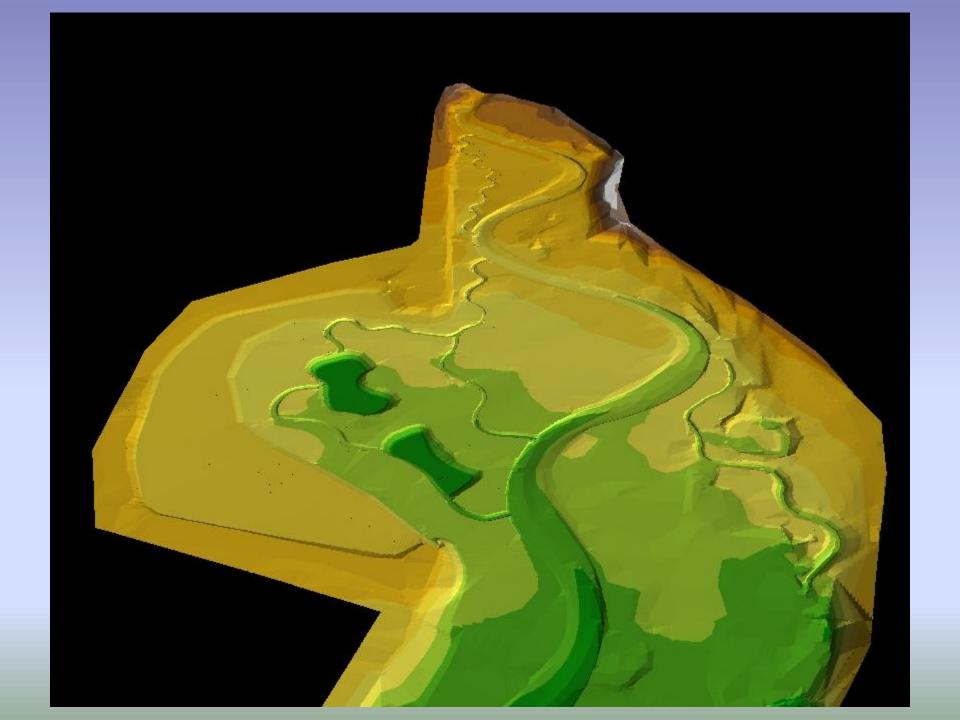
200 trees donated by the CTWSRO Design completed by NRCS





























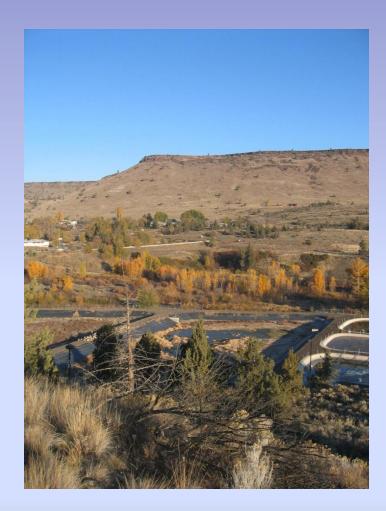
































Monitoring

Summer Rearing

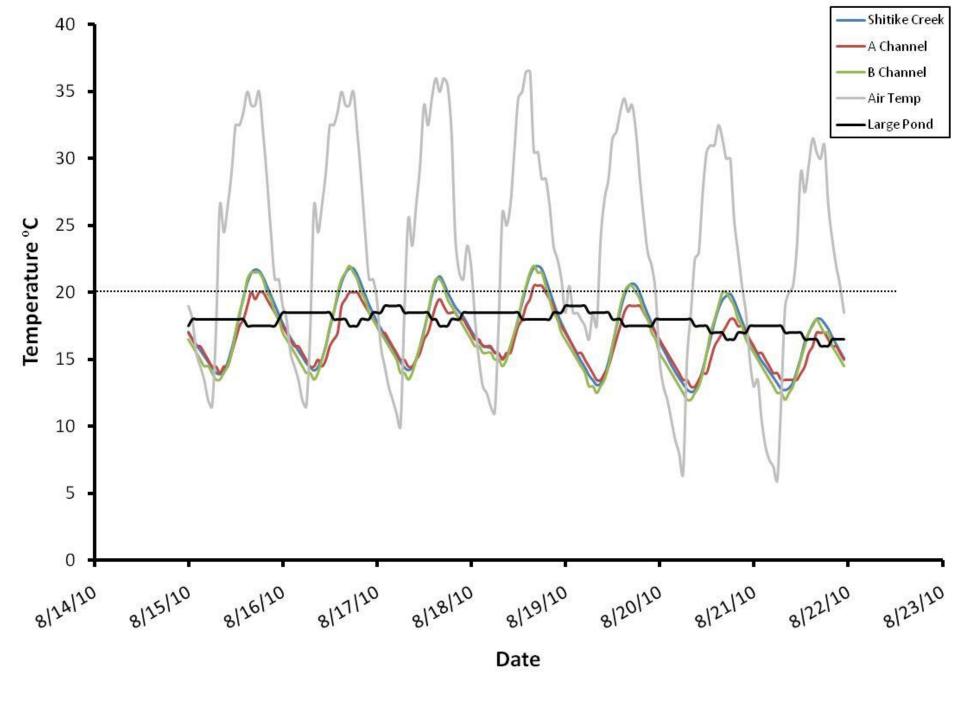
- Pre project
- Very limited

Post Project

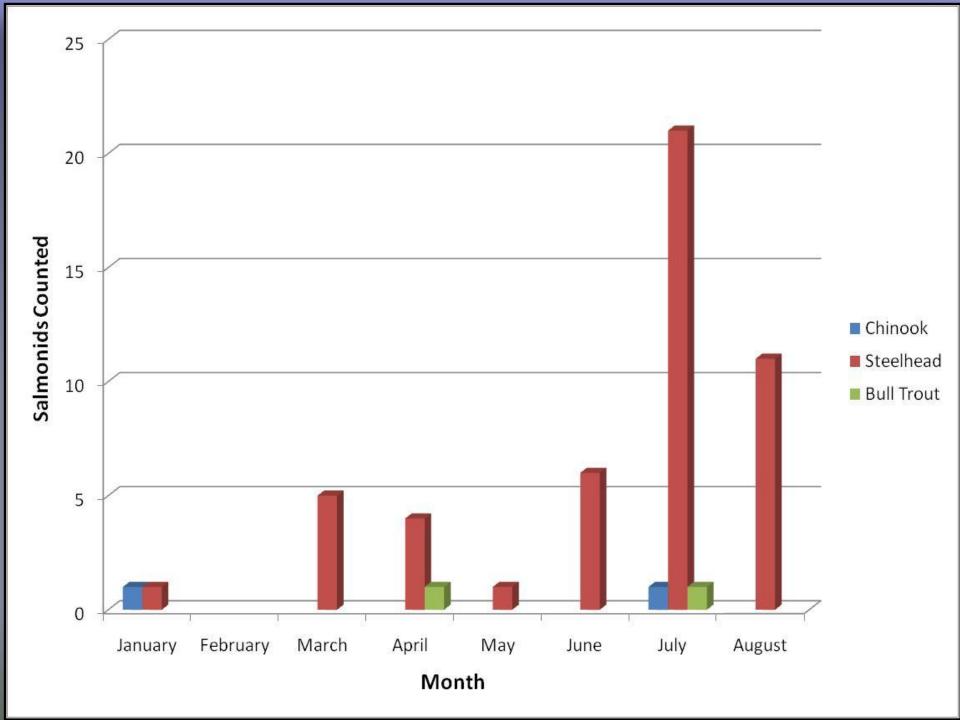
- Juvenile STH, Chinook and Coho were observed rearing in pools a riffles
- One sub adult bull trout observed in thermal refugia created at side channel A return to mainstem

Water temps

- Mainstem 14-22C in summer
- Side channel Thermal refugia 9-18C







Things I would add for next project

- Roughness below where side channels cross the filled channel.
- On high banks above bankfull I would create small release channels at bankfull to create additional floodplain connectivity.
- Have a dozens of willow and dog wood waddle ready to go and install at log jam or other critical vegetation sites during construction.
- No right angles of sharp turns in return side channel from ponds. Follow the valley slope.

