

Updated longitudinal water-temperature profiles and zones of cold-water influence in the Lower Yakima River



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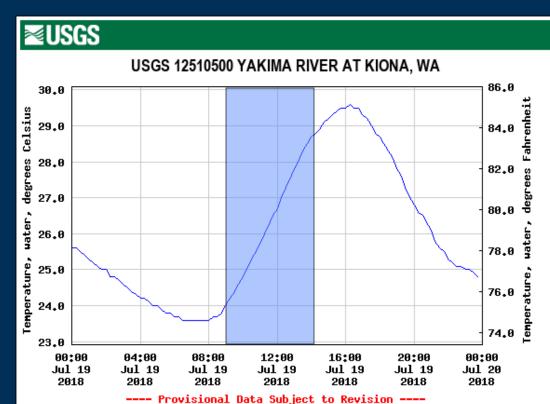
U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

Purpose and Scope

- Identify potential thermal refuges
- Update previously collected thermal profiles (e.g., Vaccaro, 2011) and document temporal stability of thermal refugia
- Inform resource managers in prioritization and development of thermal refuge habitat enhancement projects
 - Address thermal barriers to migration
 - Increase freshwater survival of migrating fish

Method: Longitudinal Thermal Profiles

- Vaccaro and Malloy (2006)
- Near-streambed water temperature measured while drifting at ambient river velocity
- Temperature of parcel of water tracked downstream
- Departure of water parcel from diurnal heating may be:
 - Ground-water discharge
 - Surface-water inflows
- Riparian shading
 USGS



Method: Longitudinal Thermal Profiles

- Nine reaches profiled from June to September 2018
- Three thermal profiles were collected (3second measurement rate)
 - River Right
 - Center
 - River Left

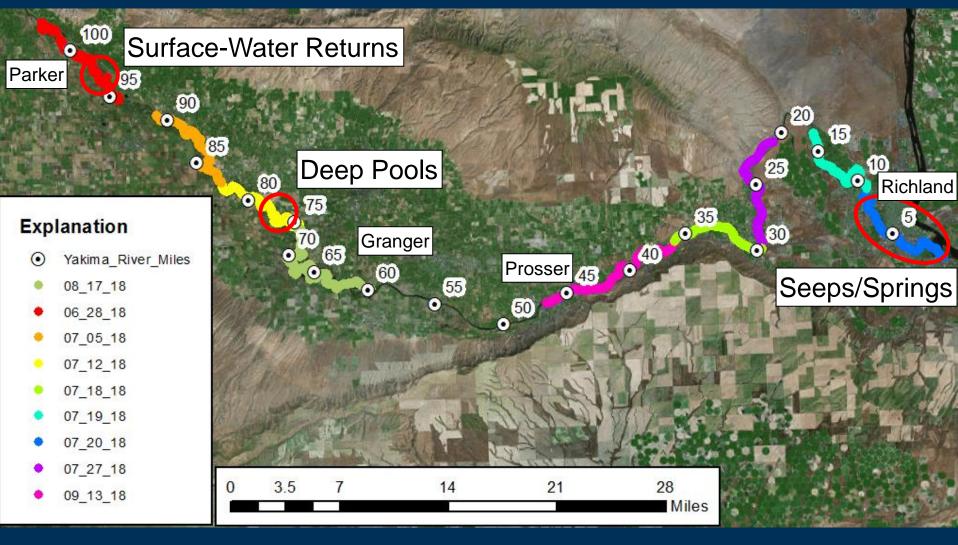
 Spatial Extent: Wapato Dam to Columbia Confluence
 USGS

Thermal Profiles – Overview





Examples of Thermal Refugia and Processes





Springs/Seeps/Surface-Water Returns: Confluence Reach

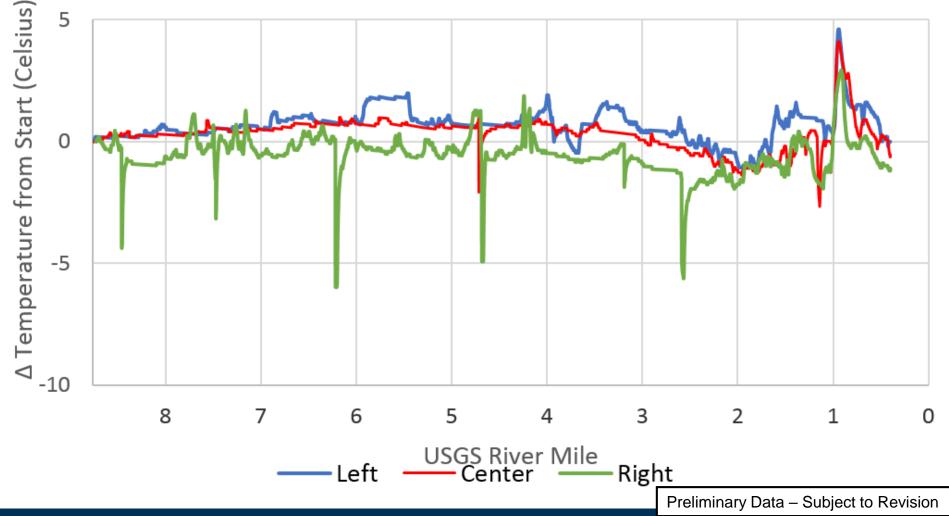


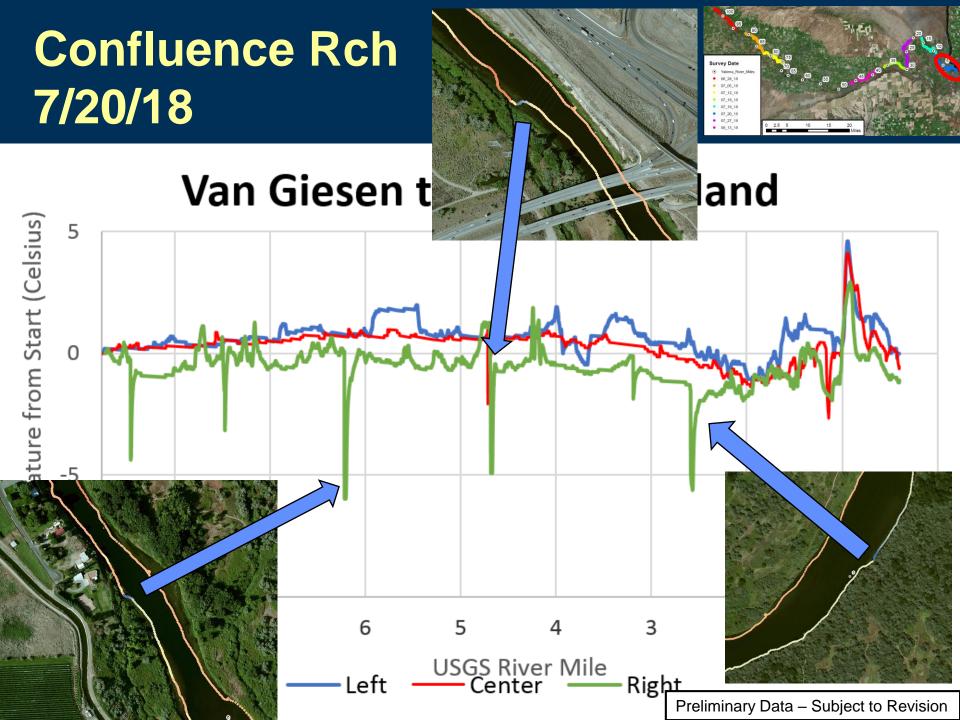


Confluence Reach: 7/20/18



Van Giesen to Bateman Island





2008 Benton Conservation District Data (Vaccaro, 2011)

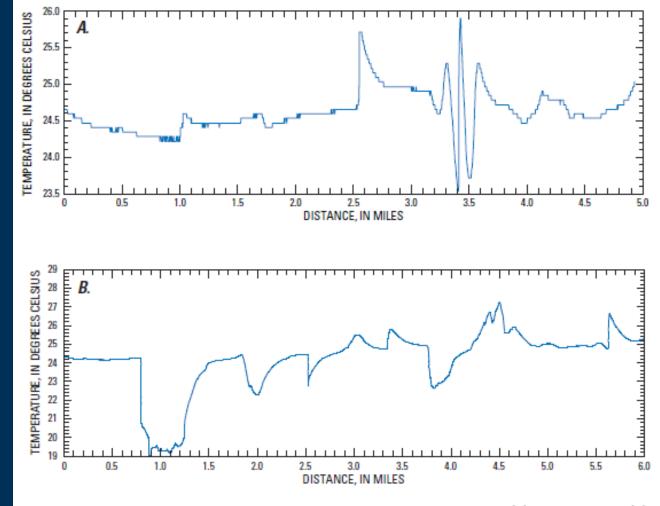
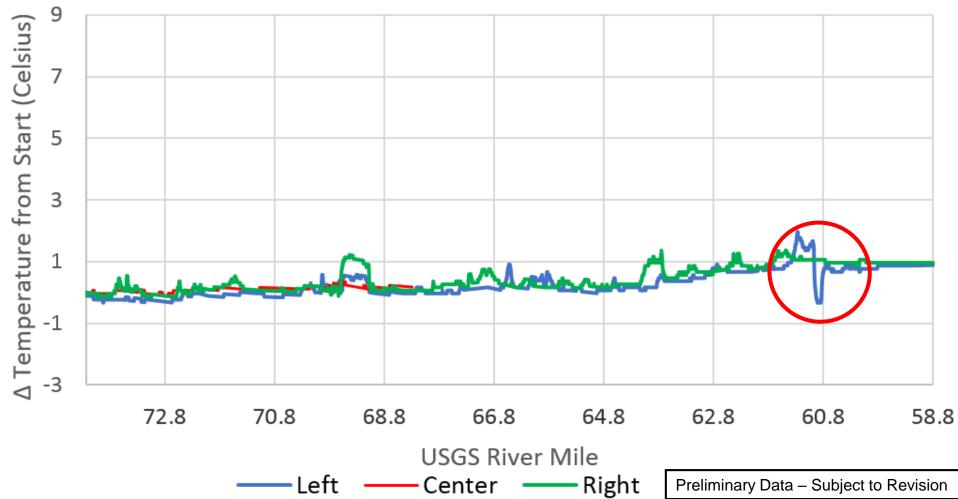




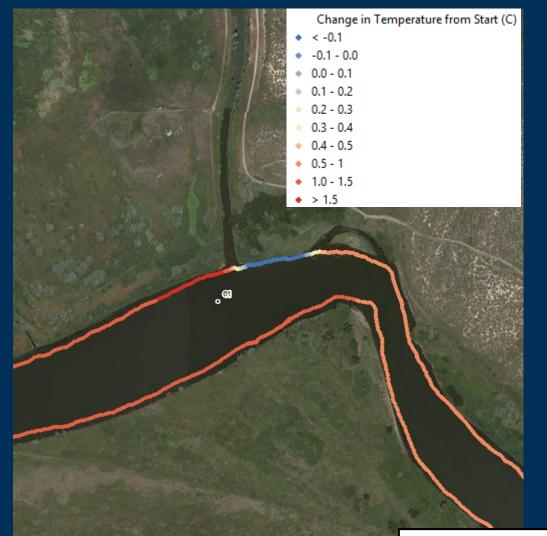
Figure 46. Longitudinal-distance gradient of temperature from a thermal profile for the (*A*) center channel and (*B*) right bank, Confluence reach, Yakima River, Washington.

Mabton Reach: 8/17/18

Horse Heaven Hills Ranch to Mabton



Surface-Water Return: Sulphur Creek Wasteway

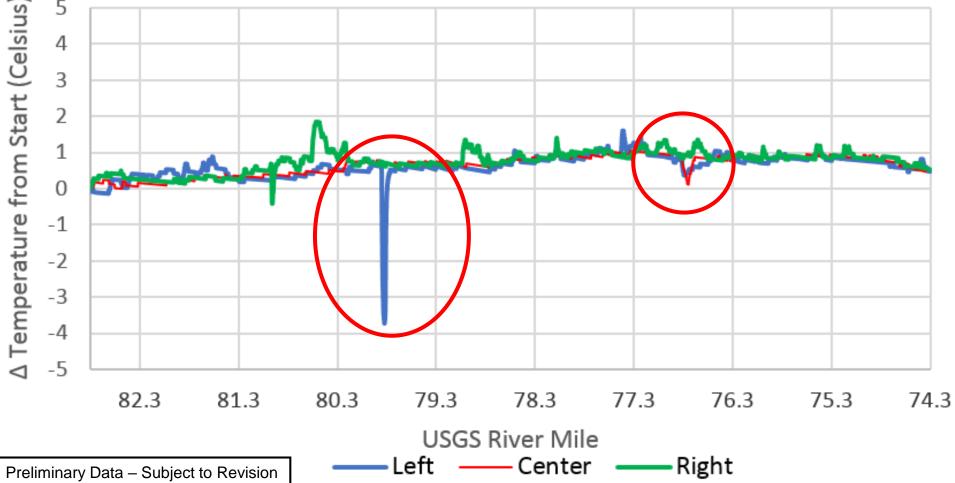




Granger Reach: 7/12/18

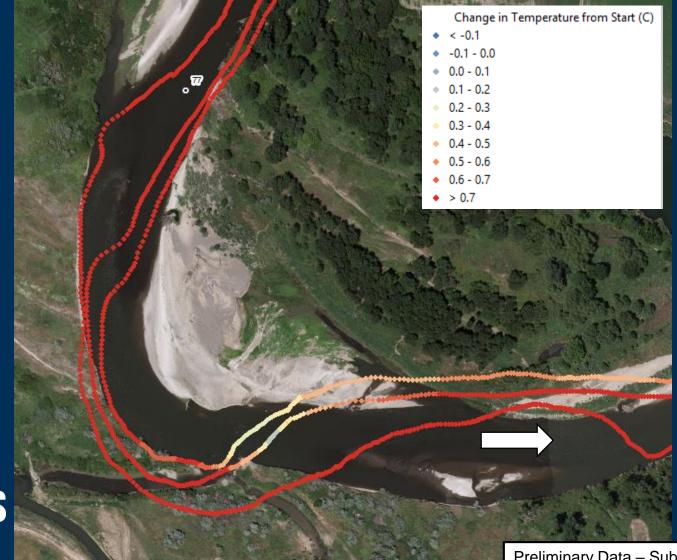


Granger to Horse Heaven Hills Ranch



Deep Pool: Granger Reach







Spring?: Granger Reach







Change in Temperature from Start (C)

Summary and Next Steps

Nine lower Yakima reaches profiled in 2018

- Two to three profiles per reach (left, center, right)
- Complements previous profiles (Vaccaro, 2011)
- 2018 thermal profiles analysis
 - Where are thermal refugia and are they stable over time?
 - Comparison to previous thermal profiles
 - Geomorphic/hydrogeologic conditions
 - Changes in river morphology/basin groundwater/surface-water system between 2018 and 2001-2008 (Vaccaro, 2011)

Special thanks to all our partners and local citizens who ferried boats down the river!

Marcie Appel Jim Carroll Matlin Colfax Alex Conley Amy Cook Cyrus Dick Tom Elliott Amy Fishburn Sean-Gross Konrad Kauer Donald Kishwalk Rachel Little Jim Loomis Pat Monk Evan Newell Mark Nielson

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Questions?

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References

- Vaccaro, J.J., and Maloy, K.J., 2006, A thermal profile method to identify potential ground-water discharge areas and preferred salmonid habitats for long river reaches: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5136, 16 p.
- Vaccaro, J.J., 2011, River-aquifer exchanges in the Yakima River basin, Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2011-5026, 98 p.



