

Passage and survival of steelhead smolts at Toppenish National Wildlife Refuge



U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service



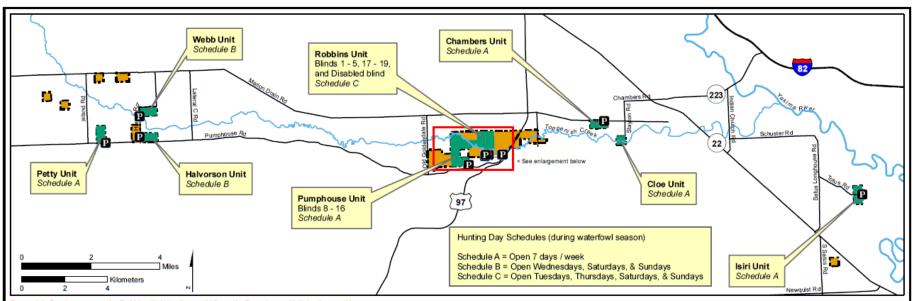
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U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Toppenish National Wildlife Refuge



Toppenish Creek separates the Robbins Unit (to the north) from the Pumphouse Unit (to the south).

Quality hunt opportunity



Fish passage and entrainment

- Native fishes of concern
 - Mid-Columbia River Steelhead (O. mykiss) ESA Threatened (Yakima Unit)
 - Pacific Lamprey (Lampetra tridentata)
 - State concern
- FWCO tasked with quantifying entrainment and survival of out-migrating smolts
 - Yakama Nation Fisheries marks smolts, steelhead, and lamprey (adults and macrothalmia)

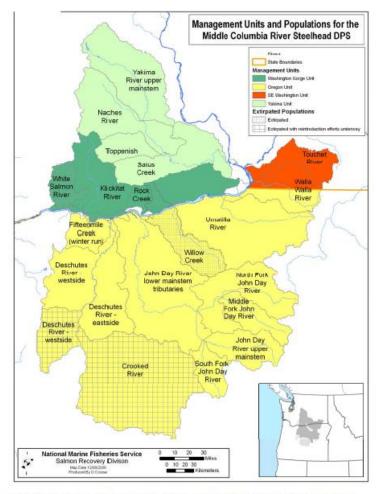




Photo : USFWS

Steelhead Concerns

- Entrainment through lateral pipe (unscreened)
- Stranding
- Passage
- Management for anadromous fishes
- Toppenish and Satus pops are carrying the population





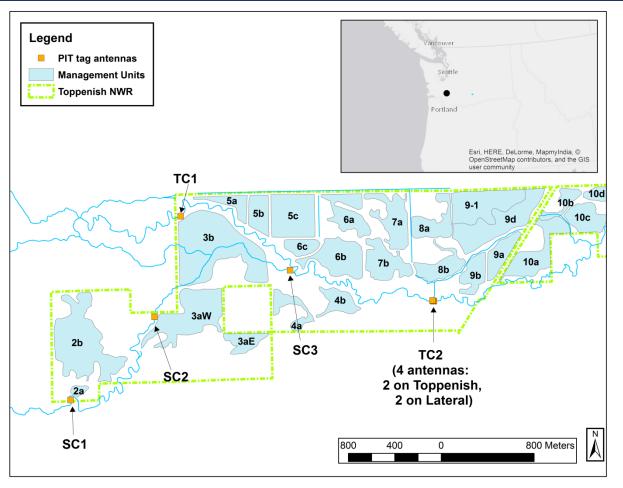


FWCO approach

- Use PIT antennas to monitor entrainment into potential problem areas
- Identify timing of refuge use
- Estimate survival through the refuge



Monitoring Winter 2017/2018





Water control structures



- Mainly flash board risers and board stop type structure
- 1 paddle wheel screen on Snake Creek
- Potential issues for passage
- Dynamic management approach



Antennas

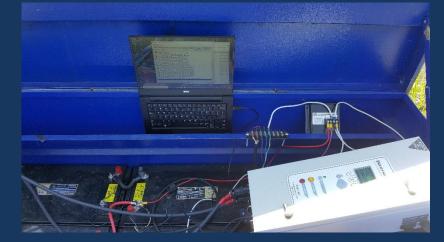




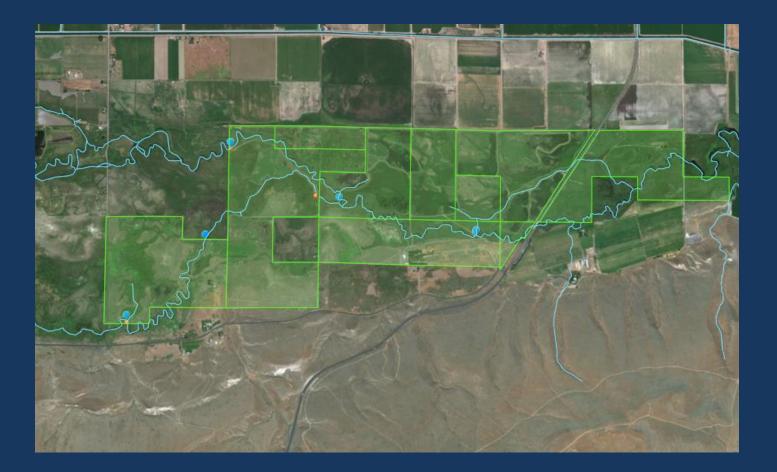








Toppenish National Wildlife Refuge





Downstream sites





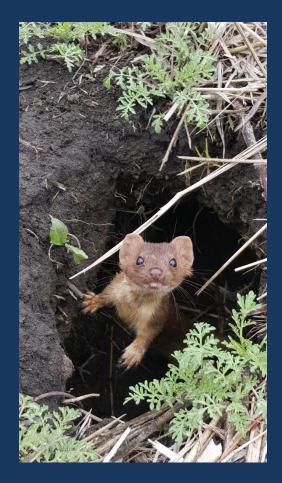
Downstream sites





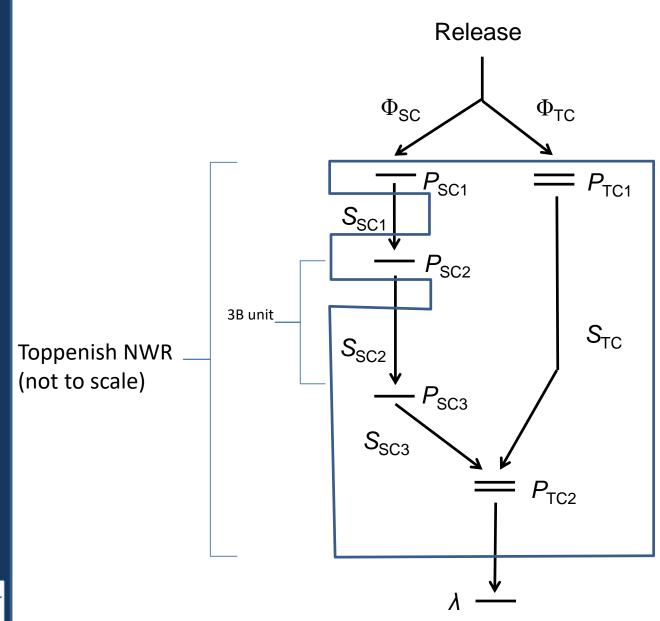
Multistate mark-recapture model approach

- USER/BRANCH or could use unmarked for R
 - Product of CBR
 - GUI
- Estimate survival (S), detection probability (P), and joint routing and survival probability (Φ)
- All antennas downstream of the refuge were combined to inform detection probabilities



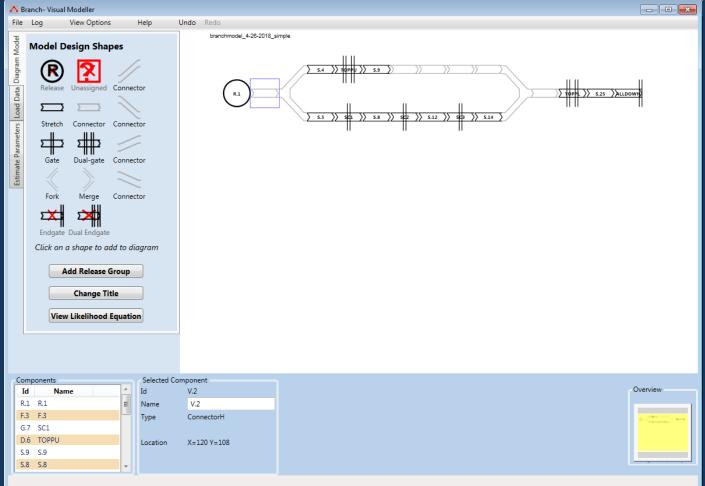
Protector of SC1 antenna





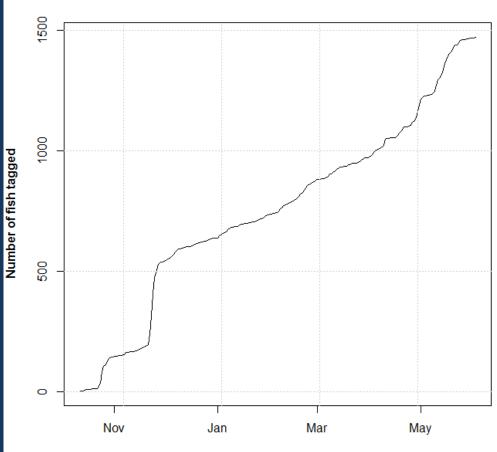


BRANCH





YN smolt tagging



Date



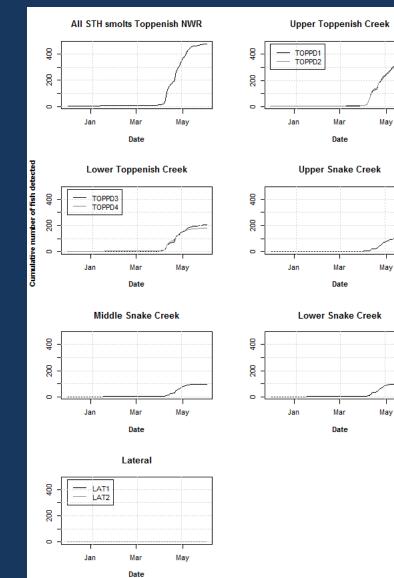
Arrival at the refuge

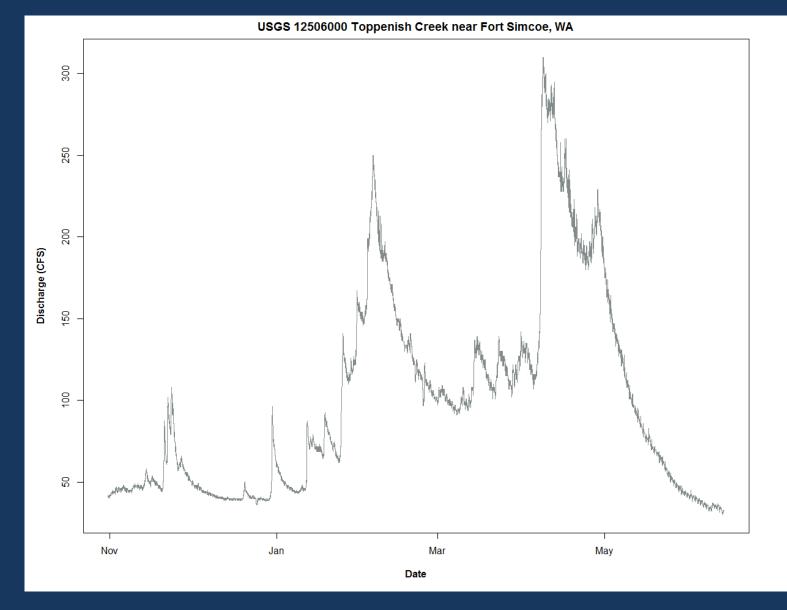
All STH smolts Toppenish NWR 400 Cumulative number of fish detected 300 200 100 0 Jan Mar May Date

U.S. H & WILDLIFE

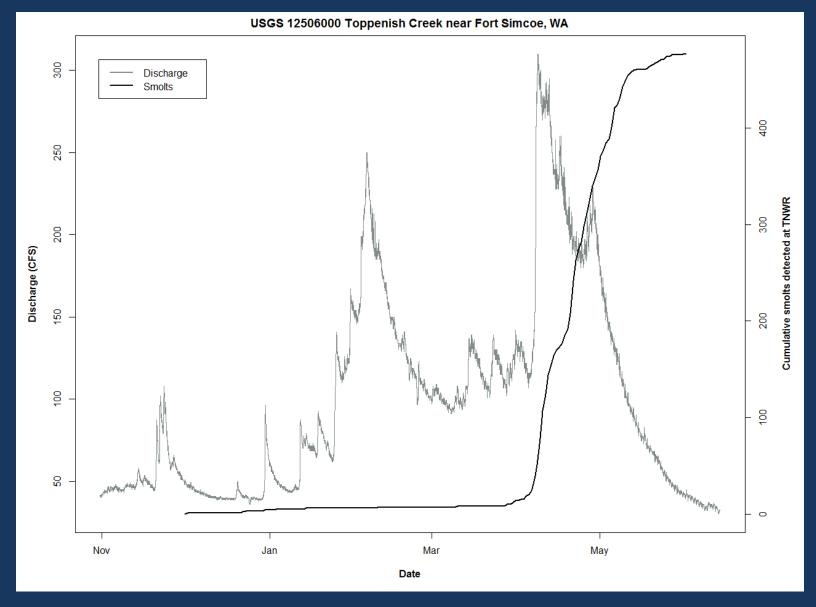
ATIONAL

SYSTEM











Preliminary results

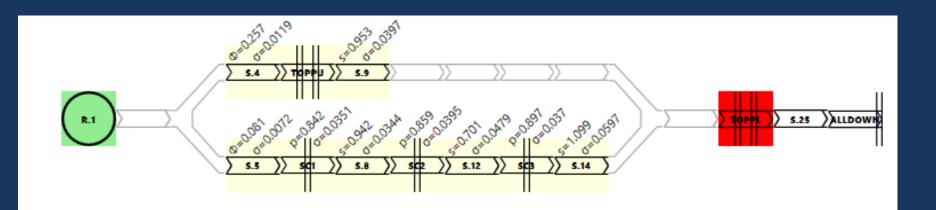
To date

- 1,473 tagged and released
 - **10/12/17- 6/02/18**
- 477 detected at refuge
- So far 188 detected downstream of refuge
- 0 not detected at refuge, but downstream
- 3 fish entrained into lateral
 - 2 detected down stream
 - 1 appears to be in a predator



Category	Observed	
R.1 TOPPU	347	
R.1 SC1	101	
R.1 SC2	12	
R.1 TOPPL	12	
R.1 SC3	5	
R.1 ALLDOWN	0	
R.1 0	996	
SC1 SC2	85	
SC1 SC3	4	
SC1 TOPPL	0	
SC1 ALLDOWN	2	
SC1 0	10	
TOPPUa	326	
TOPPUb	315	
TOPPUab	293	
TOPPU TOPPL	234	
TOPPU ALLDOWN	36	
TOPPU 0	77	
SC2 SC3	62	
SC2 TOPPL	3	
SC2 ALLDOWN	2	
SC2 0	30	
SC3 TOPPL	51	
SC3 0	10	
TOPPLa	205	
TOPPLb	183	
TOPPLab	88	
TOPPL ALLDOWN	138	
TOPPL 0	162	

Magic...





Preliminary-results 2017/18

Detection probabilities (0-1)

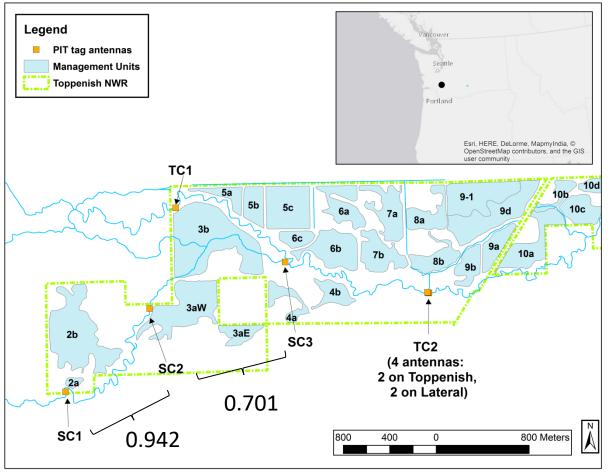
Parameter	Estimate	s.e.
P _{SC1}	0.842	0.0351
P _{SC2}	0.859	0.0395
P _{SC3}	0.897	0.0370
P _{TC1 (upper Topp)}	0.798	0.0129
P _{TC2} (lower Topp)	0.624	0.0237

Survival estimates (0-1)

Parameter	Estimate	s.e.
Φτει	0.257	0.0119
Φ_{sc1}	0.081	0.0072
S _{TC}	0.953	0.0397
S _{SC1}	0.942	0.0344
S _{SC2 (3B unit)}	0.701	0.0497
S _{SC3}	1.099	0.0597



Monitoring Winter 2017/2018





Preliminary-results

Derived survival estimates

	Convenience Function	Survival Estimate	
5	Release to Refuge Exit	0.304 (0.016)	
	Snake Creek on refuge	0.660 (0.045)	
	Toppenish Creek on refuge	0.953 (0.040)	
	Convenience Functions	Survival Estimate	
	Release to Refuge Exit	0.267 (0.058)	
	Snake Creek on refuge	0.188 (0.128)	
	Toppenish Creek on refuge	0.657 (0.157)	

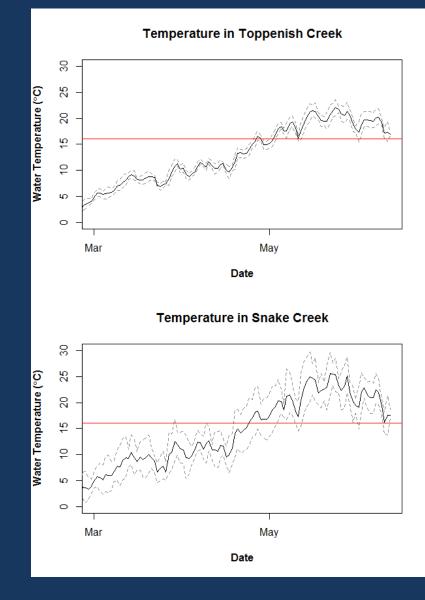


2018

2017

Issues?

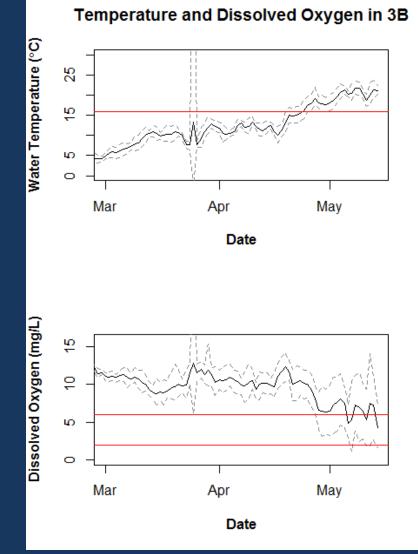
- First week of May survival in Snake Creek dropped 10 percentage points...
- Predation events?





Issues?

- First week of May survival in Snake Creek dropped 10 percentage points...
- Predation events?
- WTQ in 3B unit?



Floater





WTQ

Water quality in Snake Creek

	Site	Temperature	DO (mg/L)	Date time
ow	SC1	22.1	10.18	5/14/2018 1205
	Paddle Wheel	22	5.93	5/14/2018 1210
	SC2	22	5.06	5/14/2018 1224
	SC entry ditch	21.7	5.2	5/14/2018 1237
	3B outlet	24	6.5	5/14/2018 1300
	SC3	20.8	6.75	5/14/2018 1321
	Site	Temperature	DO (mg/L)	Date time
	ToppD1	20.4	7.7	5/14/2018 1315



FI

Degraded riparian





Travel Times

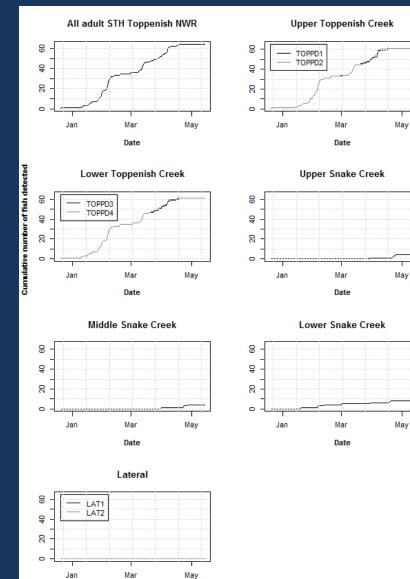
Transition	Average travel time in days	Minimum	Maximum	n
SC1 SC2	0.400	0.077	2.93	85
SC2 SC3	0.581	0.072	16.339	62
SC3 TOPPL	0.119	0.037	0.776	51
TOPPU TOPPL	0.255	0.068	5.39	234

- Snake Creek → 27.8 hours
- **Toppenish Creek** \rightarrow 6.12 hours
- No differential survival downstream of refuge
 - Trade offs



Adults

- Some returns from 2015, most tagged at Prosser
- 4 presumed kelts entered refuge via Snake Creek from upstream
 - Stall at first control structure
 - 1 made it through
 - 2 turned around and went back to Toppenish Creek
 - 1 potential mortality in 3B



Date



Thoughts....

- Snake Creek upstream of refuge needs some love
 - Riparian restoration
 - Reduce nutrient load
- Get Snake Creek fish back into Toppenish Creek ASAP
 - Move connection with Toppenish Creek back to original confluence
- 3B is a habitat restoration "opportunity"





Thanks!

- Heidi Newsome USFWS
- Robert Luna USFWS
- YRBWEP





Questions?



